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Former Virginia Resident Cl lictment With Aiding

Pratt yesterday unsealed an indict- it government of Libya with personnel, ment against a former Northern Vir explosives, explosive material and ginia resident who allegedly super- other goods necessary to make exvised terrorist training and construct plosive devices and to teach others that he left a job as manager of Wiltion of bombs disguised as household how to make explosive devices in a son's 2,400-acre farm in Fauquier-items such as ashtrays and lamps for terrorist training project."

County in August, 1976, to supervise the Libyan dictator Col. Muammar Qad Schlacter has been described as the Libyan operation, which re-

issued Aug. 7, charges Douglas Mar ing and support services under a Schlacter with various violations of contract Wilson and Terpil signed statutes on munitions control and with Libyan leaders in April, 1976.

yan terrorist operation through a been reported living in Syria and Rosslyn firm, Delex International, is Lebanon.
a fugitive operating an air charter Schlacter was not included in that service in the central African nation portion of the indictment alleging of Burundi.

federal prosecutors have been seek- from Qaddafi to silence a member of ing Burundian cooperation in return- the Libyan Revolutionary Council ing Schlacter to the United States. - living in exile in Egypt. Justice Department officials say they are concerned about the pace of Schlacter and Jerome S. Brower, these discussions since Schlacter has formerly a California explosives been made aware by press reports . that he is wanted.

The federal grand jury, which has been investigating involvement of Americans in the Libyan terrorist operation for nearly four years, char- tivities of former CIA and military acterized Schlacter as an employe of > Special Forces agents who sell skills former CIA agents Edwin P. Wilson and services to hostile governments. and Francis E. Terpil, indicted by the grand jury in April, 1980, for the

same alleged violations.

The 17-page Schlacter indictment repeated and expanded the alleged

By Patrick E. Tyler and criminal conspiracy organized and Washington Post Staff Writes to funded by Wilson and Terpil to U.S. District Court Judge John Hit supply covertly and for a profit the

dafi. Wilson's "country manager" in Libya The indictment, sealed since being overseeing delivery of terrorist train-

registration of foreign agents. Wilson is in Libya and has denied Schlacter, who supported the Lib- any wrongdoing, while Terpil has

Through the State Department, \$1' million assassination contract.

The case involving Wilson, Terpil, manufacturer who pleaded guilty and served a short prison sentence last year for his role in supplying Qaddafi, has focused congressional and administration attention on ac-

Intelligence officials have ordered redrafting of the basic CIA employment contract in an effort to prevent such abuses. The House Intelligence Committee also is investigating the Wilson-T. pu case and may recommend changes in federal statutes to control activities of Americans trained to use sophisticated and classified military technology.

The Schlacter indictment charges cruited U.S. Special Forces soldiers to train Libyan commandos. It alsosays Wilson set up and staffed a small bomb-making factory at the palace of the deposed Libyan monarch, King Idris, near Tripoli.

The indictment says Schlacter traveled with a former CIA ordnance specialist, John Henry Harper, and others to the palace where Wilson arranged construction of bombs disguised as ashtrays, lamps, alarm. clocks, coat hangers, boxes of tea and vases.

In October, 1976, the indictment alleges that Schlacter and Terpil asked Brower to "supply them with the material and manpower necessary to produce clandéstine pyrotechnic devices that could set fires or cause time-delayed detonations for explosions."

In July, 1977, the grand jury charged, Schlacter and two other conspirators "directed and supervised the placement of a quantity of Brower's explosives into several motor vehicles in such a manner that use of any of these vehicles would result in detonation of the explosives, thus injuring or killing the user."